1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  In re  Case Nos. 04-53803-JRG a	
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  In re Case Nos. 04-53803-JRG a	
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  In re Case Nos. 04-53803-JRG a	
In re Case Nos. 04-53803-JRG a	
	ınd
04-53808-JRG CANDESCENT TECHNOLOGIES (Jointly Administered) CORPORATION, a California Corporation,	
Chapter 11 Debtor,	

### ORDER ON FINAL FEE APPLICATION OF AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP

### I. INTRODUCTION

Through its final fee application, counsel for the creditors' committee, Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP (AGSH&F), seeks final approval of \$343,571.00 in fees and \$17,728.25 in expenses for the period from June 16, 2004 through June 27, 2005. On July 1, 2005, the court ordered an audit of the AGSH&F fee request. Having reviewed the audit report and the comments of AGSH&F, the request for final approval of fees and expenses is granted in part and denied in part as herein stated.

### II. BACKGROUND

The debtors filed for bankruptcy on June 16, 2004. The cases

ORDER ON FINAL FEE APPLICATION OF AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP

were relatively straightforward. Substantially all of the debtors' assets were sold on August 12, 2004 pursuant to an asset purchase agreement entered into pre-petition. A joint plan of reorganization was filed on January 26, 2005 and the joint second amended plan of reorganization was confirmed on June 16, 2005. The confirmed plan was a liquidating plan that allocated the cash between the debtors and distributed that cash in accordance with the priorities of the Bankruptcy Code.

### III. FEES

Prior to the submission of the final fee application, the court approved on an interim basis AGSH&F's first fee application in the amount of \$160,317.00 in fees and \$6,904.02 in expenses. The court took under submission approval of AGSH&F's second interim fee application in the amount of \$95,228.00 in fees and \$5,846.83 in expenses. By way of its final application, AGSH&F seeks an additional \$84,582.00 in fees and \$4,977.40 in expenses. The total fees and expenses for which AGSH&F seeks final approval are \$343,571.00 in fees and \$17,728.25 in expenses for the period from June 16, 2004 through June 27, 2005.

The audit report was submitted to the court on October 6, 2005. The court gave interested parties an opportunity to respond to the audit. The court received a response from AGSH&F, which sought to clarify and explain aspects of the audit report. The audit reveals a difference of \$2,443.00 in fees and \$28.11 in expenses between the requested amount and the computed amount. The discrepancy is a result of the activity hours not equaling the entry hours and computational error. [See "Recomputation of Fees and Expenses," page 2; Exhibit A.] AGSH&F acknowledges that certain categories of fees questioned by the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

audit report are appropriate to delete. These fees total \$2,744.50 and include the following categories and amounts:

- task entry hours exceeding individual components of the time entries in the amount of \$2,443.00 [See Exhibit A];
- potential double billing in the amount of \$187.50 [See Exhibit B];
- administrative/clerical activities of Patrick Ivie in the amount of \$114.00 [See Exhibit H];

AGSH&F further agrees to reduce its expenses by a total of \$652.11 and requests an award of \$340,826.50 in fees and \$17,076.14 in expenses.

In relation to the remaining fees, the court has a duty to review each request and determine whether the requirements of Bankruptcy Code § 330 are met. <u>In re Busy Beaver Bldg. Ctrs.</u>, Inc., 19 F.3d 833, 840-45 (3rd Cir. 1994); <u>In re Berg</u>, 268 B.R. 250, 257 (Bankr. D. Mont. 2001). Section 330 of the Bankruptcy Code provides that the court may award to a professional person employed under §§ 327 or 1103 reasonable compensation for actual, necessary services rendered and reimbursement of actual, necessary expenses. In determining the amount of reasonable compensation, the court considers the nature, the extent, and the value of such services, taking into account all relevant factors. 11 U.S.C. § 330(a)(3). Where some of the services provided were not likely to benefit the estate or were not necessary, the court may award less compensation than requested. <u>In re Smith</u>, 317 F.3d 918, 926 (9th Cir. 2002).

In reviewing the audit report and response of AGSH&F, the court concludes the following.

27 | /////

28 /////

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

A. Fees Related to the Preparation of Fee Applications Will Be Reduced.

The Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California maintains Guidelines for Compensation of Professionals.<sup>1</sup> The audit report highlights \$31,760.00 in fees that were related to the retention and compensation of AGSH&F. [See Exhibit M-1.] Under Guideline 6:

6. <u>Preparation of Application</u> - Reasonable fees for preparation of a fee application may be requested. Fees for preparation of a fee application may not exceed five percent of the total amount of fees and costs requested in the application. This five percent guideline is a ceiling rather than a floor; preparation expenses equaling five percent are not presumptively reasonable. The aggregate number of hours spent, the amount requested and the percentage of the total request which the amount represents must be disclosed. If the actual time spent will be reflected and charged in a future fee application, this should be stated but an estimate nevertheless provided. (Emphasis in original.)

In its response, AGSH&F asserts that these fees were incurred for the actual, necessary, unavoidable and reasonable services provided to the committee and should be allowed.

The court has reviewed all three fee applications and notes that with respect to the second and final fee applications, the amount of fees sought for preparation of the fee application exceeds 5% of the fees requested. In the second fee application, AGSH&F sought \$95,228.00 in fees and allocated \$7,892.00 for Akin Gump Retention and Fee Applications.<sup>2</sup> Five percent of the requested fees totals \$4,761.40. In the third fee application, AGSH&F sought \$84,582.00 in

27

28

<sup>25</sup> 

The District's Guidelines for Compensation and Expense Reimbursement of Professionals and Trustees are available on the District's Web site at http://www.canb.uscourts.gov.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Since AGSH&F was employed by court order filed September 20, 2004, the court assumes that the fees allocated to Akin Gump Retention and Fee Applications category in the second and final fee applications relate solely to the preparation of fee applications.

fees and allocated \$10,082.50 for Akin Gump Retention and Fee Applications. Five percent of the requested fees totals \$4,229.10. Thus, the fees for preparation of the second fee application exceed the 5% limit by \$3,130.60 and the fees for preparation of the final fee application exceed the 5% limit by \$5,853.40. As a result, the court denies \$8,984.00 in fees.

B. Administrative/Clerical Activities by Paraprofessionals and Professionals Warrant Fee Reductions.

The audit report highlights a number of activities that appear to be clerical in nature. [See Exhibit H.] According to Guideline 18:

18. Administrative Tasks - Time spent in addressing, stamping and stuffing envelopes, filing, photocopying or "supervising" any of the foregoing is not compensable, whether performed by a professional, paraprofessional or secretary.

AGSH&F's employment and retention is to be in accordance with § 330 of the Bankruptcy Code and the local guidelines of the court. Clerical services are overhead expenses and are not compensable under § 330(a). Sousa v. Miquel (In re United States Trustee), 32 F.3d 1370, 1374 (9th Cir. 1994). Services such as filing, assembling or compiling documents, organizing files, calendaring dates, making copies, faxing or transmitting, moving records, to name a few, are inherently clerical.

AGSH&F's response in that the tasks performed were actual, necessary, unavoidable and reasonable services for a paraprofessional to perform and should be allowed.

However, a review of the time entries discloses some entries that are clerical in nature, for example, calendaring dates [see Exhibit H: 10/20/04, 12/6/04 Woods] and organizing documents into folders [see Exhibit H: 10/26/04 Woods]. A large portion of the entries are for

reviewing and downloading the court docket and certain documents. The court finds that these tasks are administrative and not compensable. Because many of the entries in Exhibit H are clerical or administrative, the court will reduce the fees for this category by 50%. After taking into account the voluntary reduction for the fees of Mr. Ivie, the court reduces the fees by \$2,271.75.

### C. Reduction in Fees for Airplane Travel Time Is Warranted.

The audit report highlights certain nonworking travel entries.

[See Exhibit G.] According to Guideline 17:

17. <u>Airplane Travel Time</u> - Airplane travel time is not compensable, but work actually done during a flight is compensable. If significant airplane travel time is expected in a case, specific guidelines should be obtained for that case.

In its response, AGSH&F states that it is the firm's billing practice to charge travel time at half-time and all entries are so billed. However, the Guidelines do not permit charging the estate for airplane travel time, even at half-time. Reviewing the entries on Exhibit G, all entries appear to bill the estate for airplane travel time in violation of the Guidelines. The court denies \$23,092.50 in fees as airplane travel time.

### D. All Other Fees Requested Are Approved.

The court has reviewed the remaining fee categories outlined in the audit report and concludes that no further reductions are warranted. The court denies a total of \$34,348.25 in requested fees.

### IV. EXPENSES

As for expenses, in the final application AGSH&F seeks reimbursement for \$17,728.25 in expenses. The audit report states that a recomputation of the expense request reveals a \$28.11 discrepancy in the amount requested and the amount computed by the

auditor.

The court has reviewed the expense categories outlined in the audit report and concludes that no reductions are warranted beyond those voluntarily reduced by AGSH&F.

### V. CONCLUSION

The court approves on a final basis fees in the amount of \$306,478.25, having denied \$34,348.25 in fees. Expense reimbursement is approved in the amount of \$17,076.14, the court having allowed all expenses after the voluntary waiver by AGSH&F. Total fees and expenses approved on a final basis are \$323,554.39. All fees that are denied are done so on a final basis.

DATED:			

JAMES R. GRUBE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

27

28

Case Nos. 04-53803-JRG and 04-53808-JRG 1 (Jointly Administered) 2 3 4 5 UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT 6 7 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 8 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 9 I, the undersigned, a regularly appointed and qualified Judicial Assistant in the office of the Bankruptcy Judges of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of California, San Jose, California hereby certify: 11 That I, in the performance of my duties as such Judicial Assistant, served a copy of the Court's: ORDER ON FINAL FEE APPLICATION OF AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP by placing it in the United States Mail, First Class, postage prepaid, at San Jose, California on the date shown below, in a sealed envelope addressed as 14 listed below. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. 16 Executed on \_\_\_\_\_ at San Jose, California. 17 18 LISA OLSEN 19 20 21 Nanette Dumas, Esq. Office of the U.S. Trustee 22 280 So. First St., Rm. 268 San Jose, CA 95113 23 S. Margie Venus Akin, Gump, Strauss, et al. 1111 Louisiana St., 44<sup>th</sup> Floor 25 Houston, TX 977002 26